

Molecular Identification Methods and the Importance of Biodiversity Informatics



Pattern	Techniques
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Sequence based techniques

RFLP

Comparative sequencing

AFLP

Taxon specific probing

(chips, FISH)

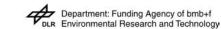
ARDRA

Diagnostic PCR

RAPD

Protein profiles

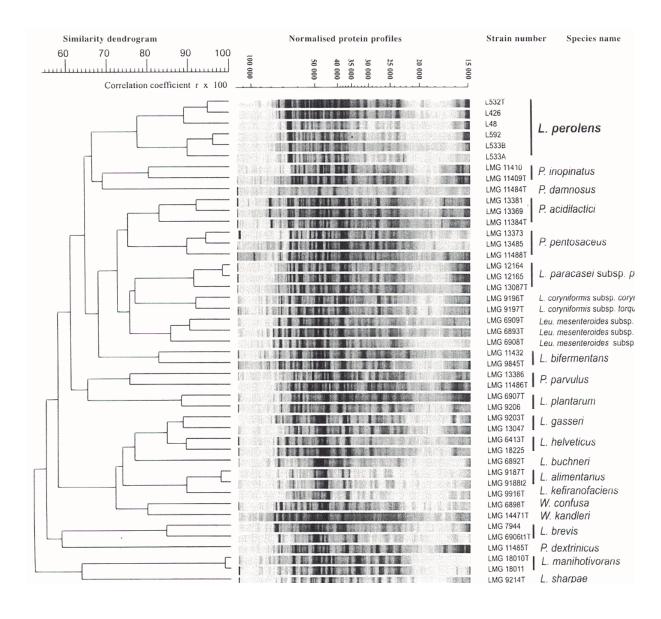






Molecular Identification Methods

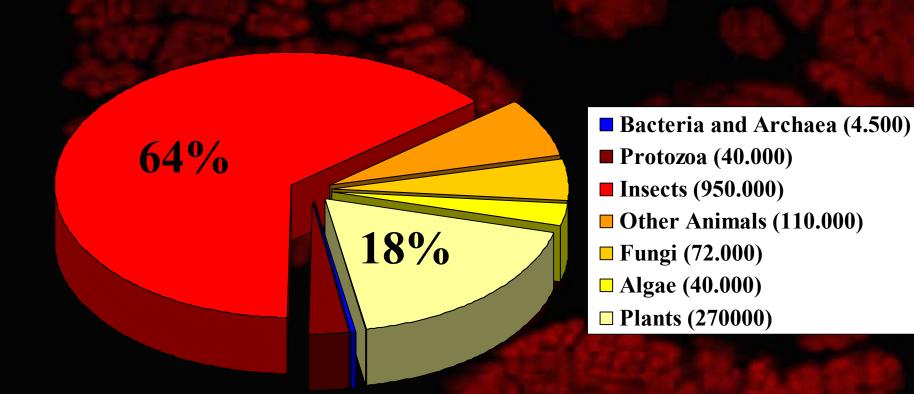








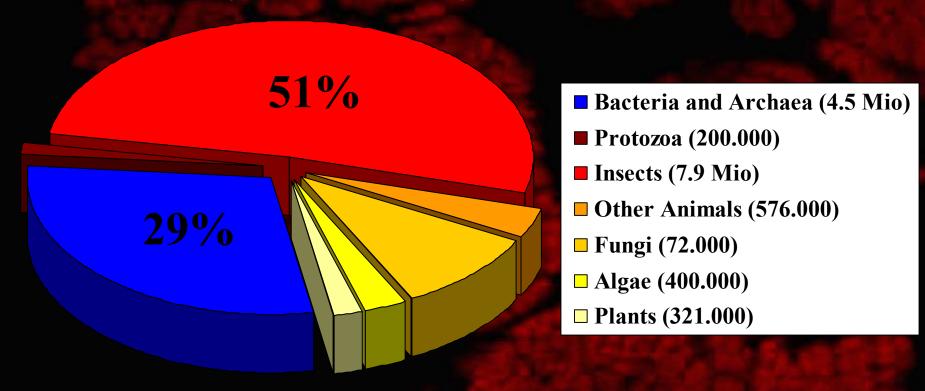
Biodiversity Today





Prokaryotes – The Unseen Majority

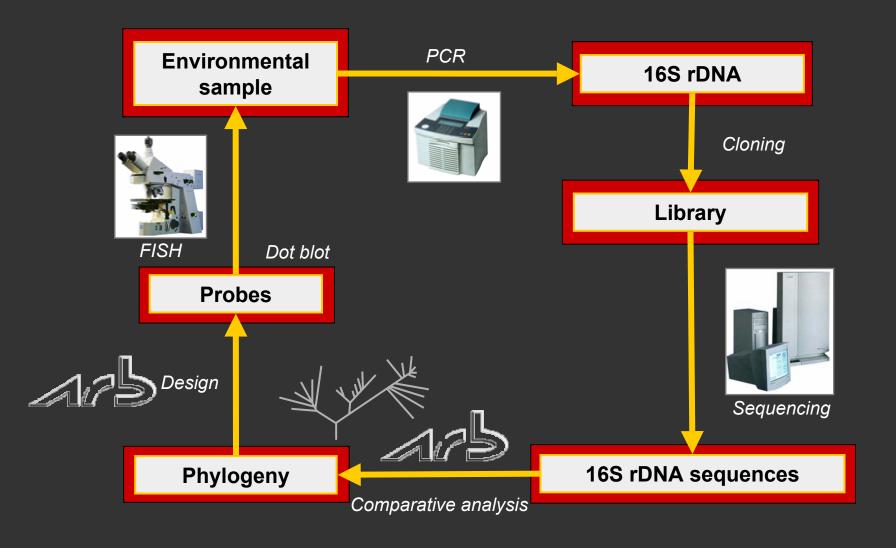
(assuming that 0.1% of the prokaryotic species have been isolated)

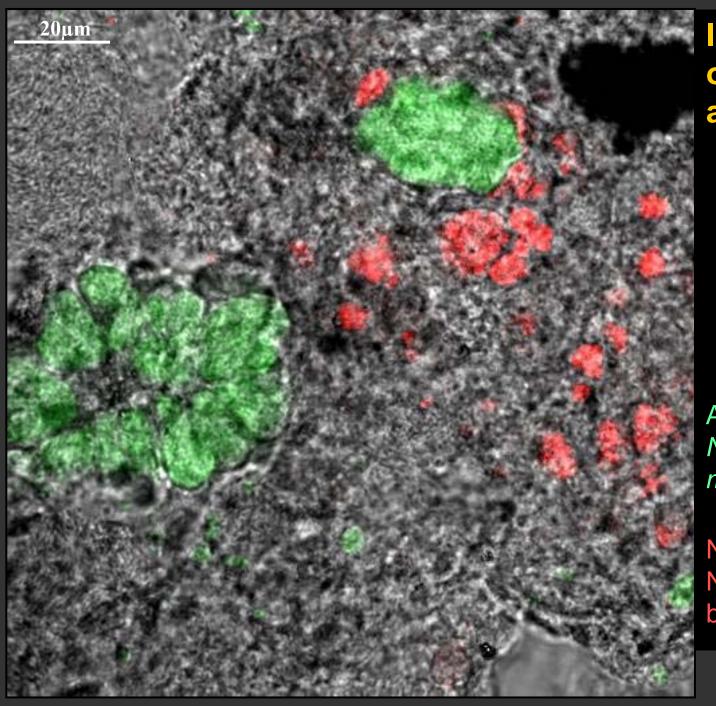


But every insect contains at least one specific bacterial symbiont



Full-cycle rRNA-approach





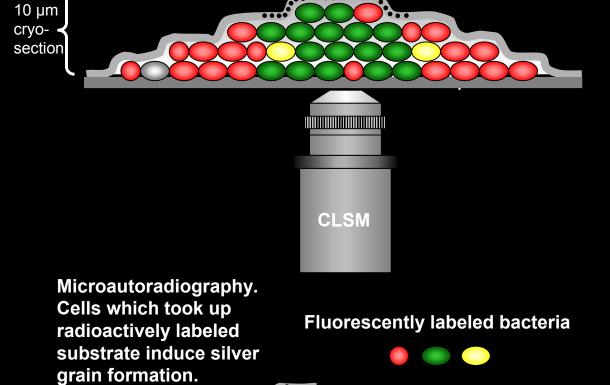
In situ detection of nitrifiers in a biofilm

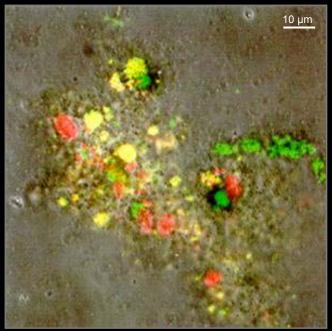


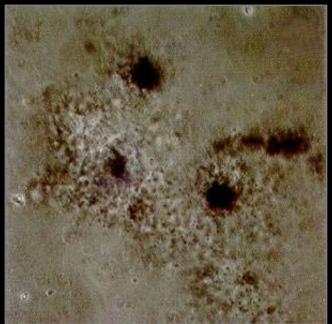
Ammonia-oxidizer: *Nitrosococcus mobilis*

Nitrite-oxidizer: Novel *Nitrospira*-like bacteria

FISH - Microautoradiography



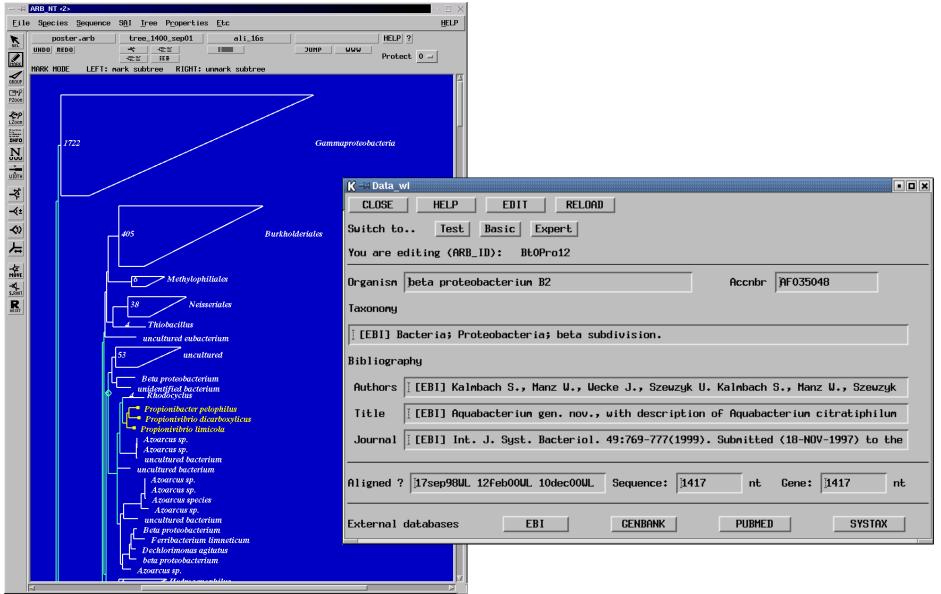








ARB, a Software Environment for Sequence Data

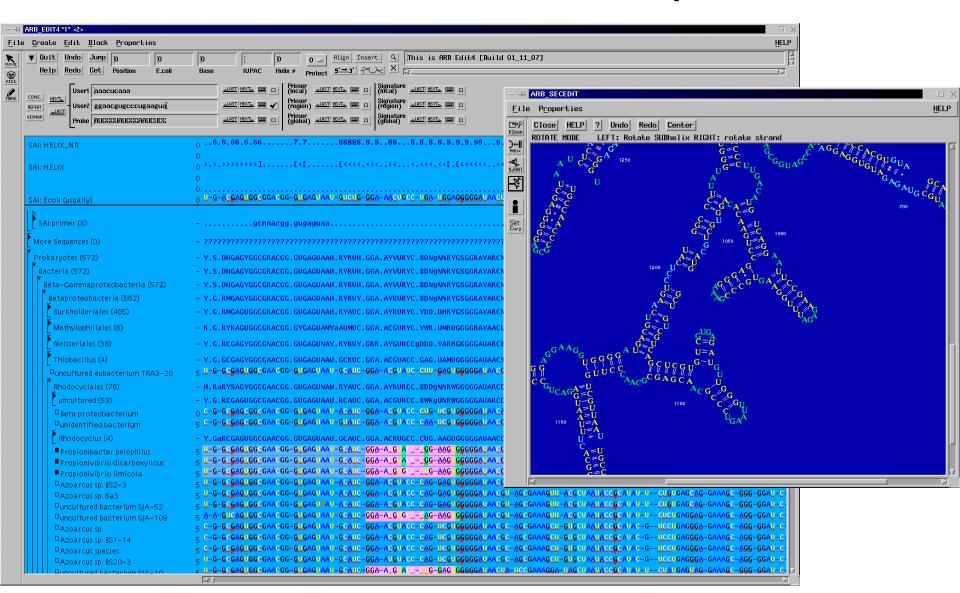








ARB, a Software Environment for Sequence Data

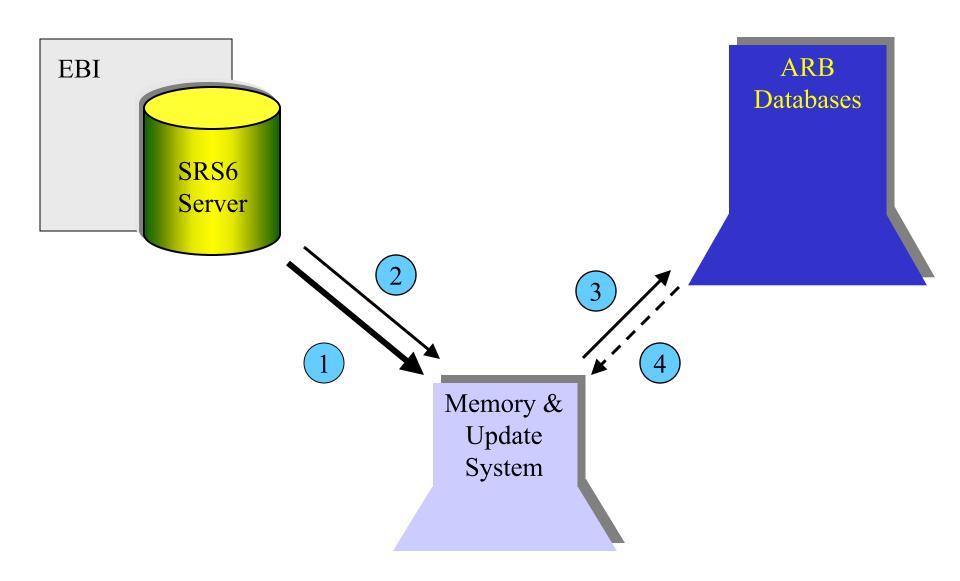








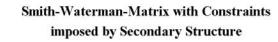


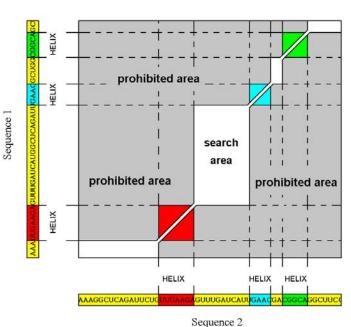


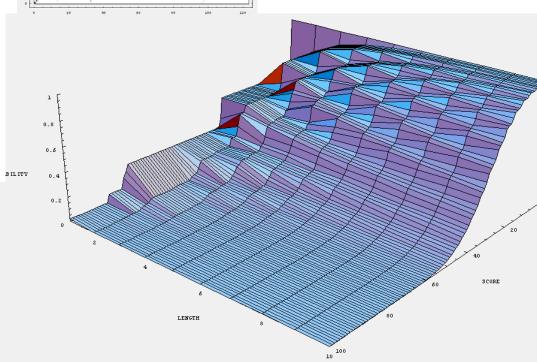


BIOLOG Development of an Improved Sequence Aligner









"Island Hopping"

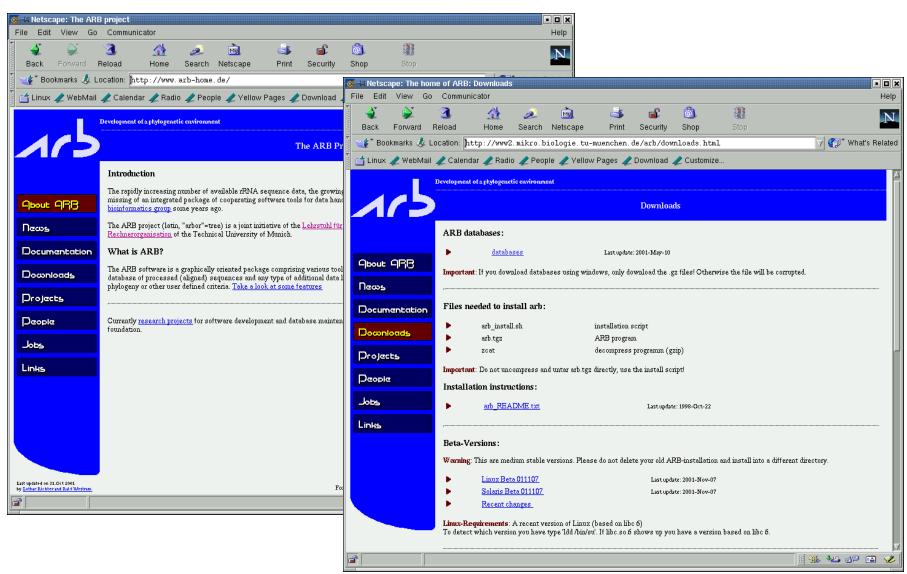






Database Access http://www.arb-home.de

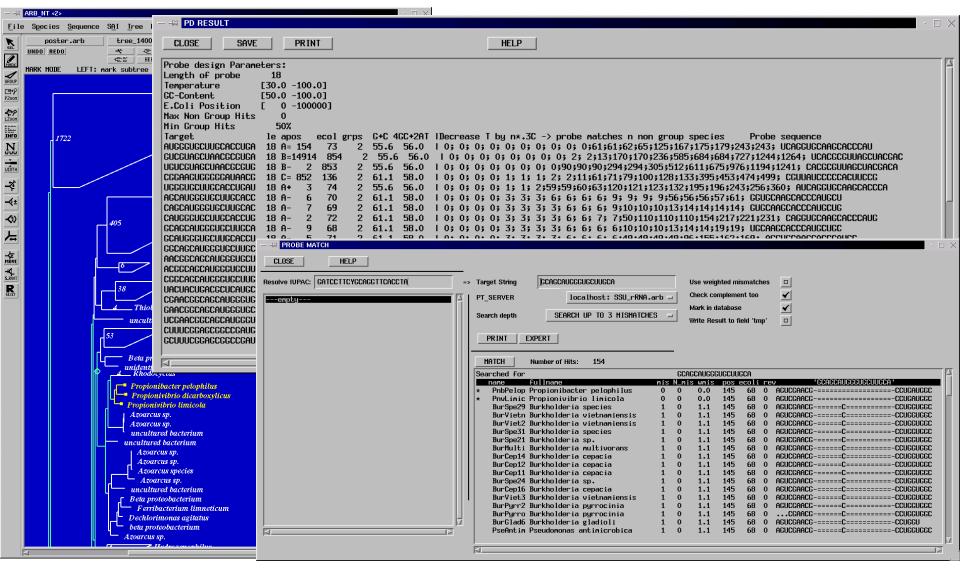






In Silico Design and Evaluation of Taxon Specific Probes



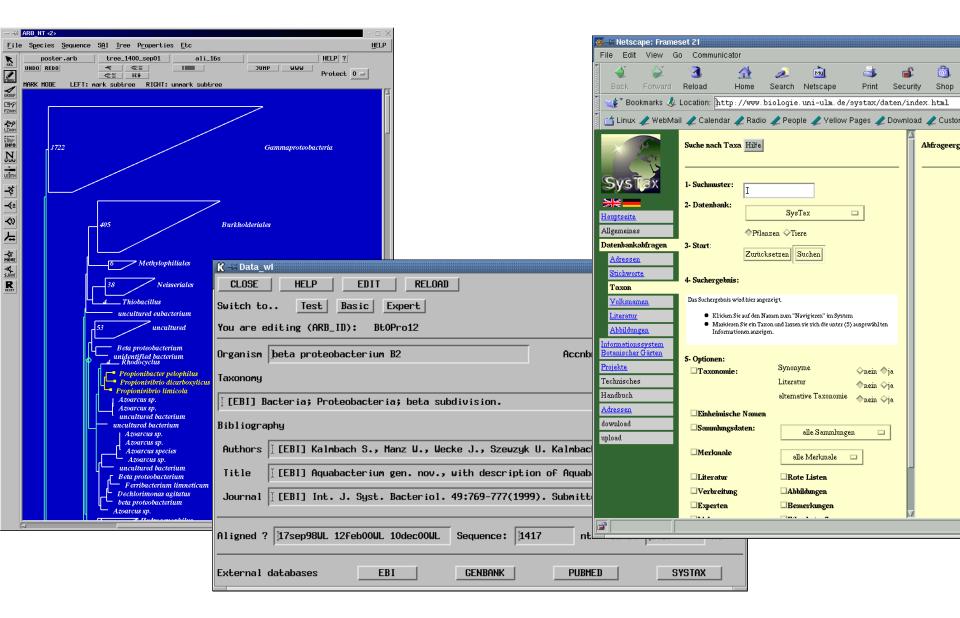






The Integrated Database

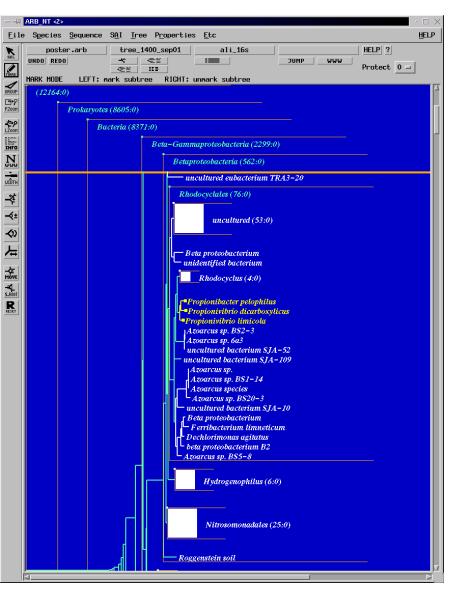






Collaborations





BIOTA:

Integrated database of rRNA sequences and physiological, morphological and other characteristics

DNATAX & MOLART:

Databases of rRNA, elongation factors, cytochrome sequences for Identification

SYSTAX:

Integrated database of rRNA sequences and morphological, physiological, geographical, and other data





